



## Delightfully becoming colors— effective weaves

are descriptive of the new Fall styles.

The colors are soft and subdued, and most often the dark tones of blue, brown, grey and green. And because the dark tones lead, black is especially good.

The materials include many beautiful and unique mixtures, some smooth in finish, some rough—checks and plaids, zibelines, wool ratine and wool crepe, soft broadcloths and velvets, duvetynes, wonderful plush and fur fabrics. Many of the smartest models are finished with cord and tassel ornaments. Fur bands and edgings form a much-to-be-desired trimming for many a coat and suit.

All these materials and colors are well represented in our Bischof line of coats and suits. Come in and examine the new materials—see how delightfully soft and yet how warm they are, what practical winter garments they make. If you have heretofore found it difficult to secure a becoming color, let us prove to you that this season's colors are exceptionally easy to wear.

Don't put off getting your new winter clothes until the styles begin to get old. Lead the style instead of following it.

## SUTTON & McBEE



## Boone Way Campaign in South East Kentucky.

R. E. Wood, of the Kentucky Good Road Association, accompanied by James Maret, the original Boone Way Booster, of this place, left here Tuesday to push the campaign in South East Kentucky. Tuesday night they met with the Commercial Club at London and had speaking at the court house Wednesday. There were good boosters present at both meetings; among them were E. A. Pollard, T. J. Moen, W. H. Poynter, H. V. Pennington, R. Boyd, E. W. Hackney, Clarence J. Sipple, W. R. Hackney, W. C. Kehr, J. B. Eberlein, Judge Brown and J. W. Feltner, who gladly joined the State Good Roads Association and enlisted in the fight to push Laurel to the front in the work of constructing Boone Way through the county. The membership is expected to be increased to forty working boosters. They intend to prosecute a campaign throughout the county and have the Fiscal Court take action in the matter similar to that of the Rockcastle Magistrates.

The campaigners held a meeting with the Corbin Commercial Club Wednesday night when the gospel of good roads and the manner of securing state aid was delivered and described to eager and attentive listeners. Ten of the progressive citizens joined the Association whose mission was explained to be an organization with headquarters at Louisville whose aim and purpose was the dissemination of information in all the counties of the state on the subject of state aid and its manner of working. The list of the Corbin live wires who cast their lot with the Kentucky Good Road Association and the Boone Way Boosters, are as follows: Dr. J. H. Parker, B. J. Edwards, James Downing, James T. Nelson, W. H. Candler, T. J. Ballard, L. J. Ballard, Chas. E. Nelson, I. N. Bryant and E. L. Skinner. Many more will add their names to the roster. Everybody in Corbin has taken the road fever. Mr. Woods in his talks, explained that there were three ways in which state aid can be secured: By either a bond issue, taxation or private subscription, or by a combination of two or all three of the plans. He further stated that when the money was placed in the hands of the Fiscal Court the state will advance an equal amount as put up by the county no matter in what manner the court raises the funds. No county, however, can receive more than 2 per cent of the state road fund in one year which will be in the neighborhood of \$12,000 and the same amount each following year. It is calculated that the 5 cent tax levied by the late act of the legislature will be \$600,000 per year. The state furnishes engineers to survey and locate roads, make plans and estimates without cost to the counties. Where a county does not take advantage of opportunity to secure this state aid the 5 cent tax it pays into the state road fund will be used to assist in building roads in those counties which make application and meet the conditions of the road law. These roads are let out by contracts and bonds are required of contractors. The construction is under the supervision of the state and everything connected therewith must be properly carried out by contractors thereby assuring first class roads. Jefferson county will pay into the state road fund \$120,000 per year and can only draw out \$12,000, so it is seen the richer counties will aid the less fortunate portions of the state.

The Corbin boosters are working on the plan of having Boone Way deflected from the Camp Ground route and brought thru this place from London, thence on to Grays and Barbourville. They put up the strong argument that the road is already graded from London to Corbin over the abandoned roadbed of the L. & N. the whole distance, except possibly three miles. It is a magnificent grade, six miles of which is in

daily use by the traveling public; other miles could be used if some open culverts were bridged. All that it lacks is the construction of one or two bridges, macadamizing, and the grading of the three miles mentioned, to have a first-class highway between the points mentioned. Some of the grading cost the railroad company at the rate of \$40,000 a mile.

The campaign workers will be at Barbourville, Friday and Friday night, speak at Pineville, 1 p.m., Saturday, and Middlesboro at 7 p.m., same day.

The enthusiasm shown by the people along Boone Way route is most gratifying to the workers and to the Kentucky Good Roads Association. Boone Way maps and literature were distributed along the route.

W. H. Poynter and E. A. Pollard, of London, are enthusiastic boosters.

Among the live wires at Corbin is J. J. Price, Dr. J. H. Parker and James Downing. The whole bunch for that matter are right onto the job.

## BEST COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN.

"Three years ago when I was living in Pittsburgh one of my children had a hard cold and coughed dreadfully. Upon the advice of a druggist I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it benefited him at once. I find it the best cough medicine for children because it is pleasant to take. They do no object to taking it," writes Mrs. Lafayette Tuck, Homer City, Pa. This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidently as to an adult. Sold by all dealers.

## RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

BRODHEAD LODGE, I. O. O. F.

Whereas the Grand Master of the universe has seen fit in His wisdom to call Bro. George Capps from this earthly Lodge to the Grand Lodge on high eternal in the heavens. Therefore be it

RESOLVED: That in his death we have lost a useful and faithful member, his family a devoted son and brother, and the community a good and useful citizen.

That, his family and loved ones be extended the sympathy of the Lodge in their sad bereavement and that we commend them to Him who doeth all things well.

That, these resolutions be spread on our records, a copy sent to his family and a copy sent to the Mt. Vernon Signal for publication.

Granville Owens,  
John Williams,  
W. H. Anderson  
Committee.

## TRY THIS FOR YOUR COUGH.

Thousands of people keep coughing because unable to get the right remedy. Coughs are caused by inflammation of Throat and Bronchial Tubes. What you need is to soothe this inflammation. Take Dr. King's New Discovery, it penetrates the delicate mucous lining, raises the phlegm and quickly relieves the congested membranes. Get a 50c. bottle from your druggist. "Dr. King's New Discovery quickly and completely stopped my cough," writes J. R. Watts, Floydale, Texas. Money back if not satisfied, but it nearly always helps.

## COMMISSIONER TERRELL

Promises State Aid To Boone Way.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 25, 1914.  
Mr. E. R. Gentry,  
Mt. Vernon, Ky.,

Dear Sir:

A special meeting of the Fiscal Court will not be necessary, but the Fiscal Court can make an order at the next meeting saying that they can meet dollar for dollar the state fund in order that the apportionment may be made.

This will not preclude the county from receiving private subscriptions to assist in meeting this appropriation from the state.

Am glad to note you had a splendid meeting and that you are pushing the work in Rockcastle county. An engineer will be sent to make an estimate as soon as possible.

Yours truly,  
ROBERT C. TERRELL,  
Commissioner of Public Roads.

## Lawyer's View of Trial of the Christ

[From Kentucky Post.]

Commonwealth Attorney R. G. Williams, of Kenton county, delivered an unusual address before the bible class of the First Christian Church, Covington, Sunday morning, on "The Trial of Christ From a Lawyer's Viewpoint." From start to finish the talk was intensely interesting and touched upon the illegal procedure in the trial of Christ from both the Roman and Hebrew laws of that time.

"Both civil and criminal trials from the earliest times have created a great interest," said Prosecutor Williams, "but of all the great trials of the past and present none has been so intensely interesting as the criminal trial of our Savior.

"The first question is, Was the trial of the Galilean peasant a legal one? Did it abide strictly with the requirements of the laws of that time? From what I have studied from the various historical readings, it did not. From start to finish it was illegal.

"The trial of Jesus was twofold Hebrew and Roman, ecclesiastical and civil. The Hebrew trial took place between the Great Sanhedrin, consisting of 71 members. A majority of these could not convict, but could acquit. To convict it always required two more than a majority. In those days there was no State Attorney, nor was there any such body as a modern grand jury. The witnesses were the only prosecutors recognized by the Hebrew law and for capital crimes they were the executioners as well.

## JESUS ARRESTED.

"Jesus was arrested at midnight April 6, 30 A.D., without warrant or a charge.

"Although the Hebrew law expressly forbids a criminal trial being held at night, in violation of that law, the Supreme Court of the Jews assembled at 2 o'clock in the

morning, on April 7, to try Jesus at which time he was convicted, and sentenced to death. At daybreak on the same morning the court reassembled to retry Him and to determine how it could be brought before Pilate. Within an hour thereafter He was dead before the Roman Governor, Pontius Pilate, for trial under the civil law on the charge of high treason against Caesar. The trial resulted in a verdict of acquittal but instead of releasing the prisoner as the law directed, he ordered Him taken before Herod, Tetrarch of Galilee, who, after another trial, during which the court mocked and brutalized the prisoner, finally sent Him back to the Roman Governor. Pilate announced that Herod had failed to find the prisoner guilty and reminded the people who were clamoring for the life of Jesus that he himself had acquitted Him. He then proposed to scourge the Nazarene and release Him. This offer was scornfully rejected by the Jews, who were demanding the crucifixion of Jesus. Although Pilate could find no fault in the man he yielded to the demands of the mob and ordered the prisoner crucified.

## NO AUTHORITY TO TRY.

"Herod had no legal right to try Jesus, because he had already been tried and acquitted on the same charge. Former jeopardy could have been pleaded in bar of a further prosecution. Herod, therefore, had no jurisdiction to try the offense charged against Jesus. Nor did Pilate have a right to try Him again on that charge, for he had already tried Him and returned a verdict of not guilty, and as a Judge he had no right to put Him in jeopardy twice for the same offense.

"The trial was the most memorable act of injustice recorded in history. At every stage of these trials the prisoner conducted Himself with that commanding dignity and majesty so well worthy of His origin, mission and destiny.

His sublime deportment at times caused His Judges even to marvel. His friends and followers had deserted Him in His hour of greatest need. Singlehanded and unaided, the Galilean peasant had bared His breast and brow to the combined authority, to the insults and outrages of both Jerusalem and Rome. Not a single word of defense was raised amid this tumultuous clamor, and not a word of protest disturbed the mighty concord of anger.

"But before the final decree was executed Pilate resolved to apply a soothing salve to his bleeding conscience. He performed a ceremonial cleansing act. Calling for a basin of water, he washed his hands before the multitude saying: 'I am innocent of the blood of this just person; see ye to it.'

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County } SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.  
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.  
(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,  
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

## A Baker's Dozen:

OR;

## 13 REASONS

Why you should trade at

## U. G. BAKER'S

■ The largest Stock of General Merchandise in Rockcastle County—which enables you to get what you want when you want it.

■ The right goods—the right prices—nice treatment and a square deal. Satisfaction or no pay—That is Baker's Way.

■ 27 years experience as buyer, together with ample cash enables us to buy merchandise at the very lowest possible figure.

■ Our overhead expenses are less than most people's. No extravagance allowed in running the business. So we are enabled to "Sell the same goods for less money."

■ We have a clear title to our store buildings, fixtures and merchandise. We pay no interest because we borrow no money. No mortgage or notes against us. We are not compelled to sell at high prices in order to pay interest on money to run the business with.

■ The smaller our expense account the less price the goods will cost you. We pay net, spot cash and give the benefit all to our customers.

■ Politeness, and by the way, politeness from the heart, is what we deal out to our customers—whether rich or poor—based upon a desire to give our customers all there is in it of value and service.

■ 20 years ago we came to Mt. Vernon, revolutionized business methods, put Mt. Vernon on the map as a bargain town and have kept her there to this good day.

■ Thousands of pairs of Shoes best makes of Shoes now on Sale at and below manufacturer's prices. You can buy all your winter needs in Shoes for less money.

■ Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks, Suits, Skirts & Waists for one half and less, what you are asked for same goods elsewhere.

■ Men's Suits from makers of finest suits—like Hart, Schaffner & Marks, Kirshbams, etc.—at less than maker's prices. Overcoats and Rain Coats at a fraction of their real value.

■ No matter what article you may need, you can always find it at Baker's—and under priced. Our greatest desire is to do you all the good we can.

■ From War Prices,  
Overcharging customers,  
Shortweights and measurements,  
Lying and exaggeration,  
O Lord, deliver us.

# U. G. BAKER

RING OF LOW PRICES